

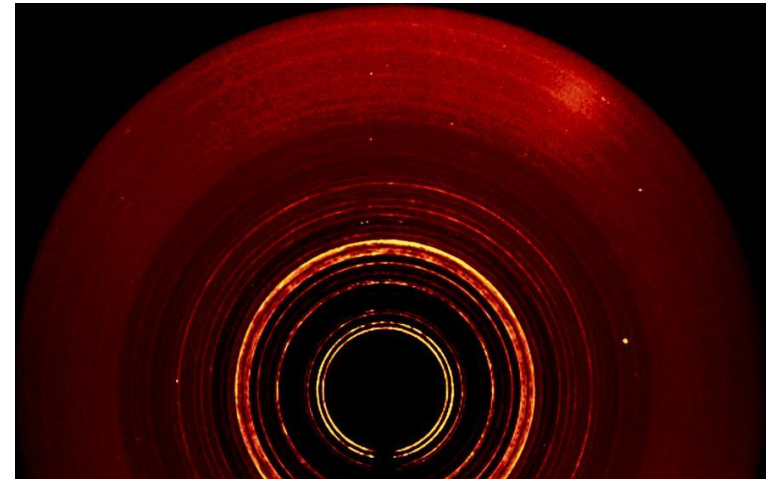
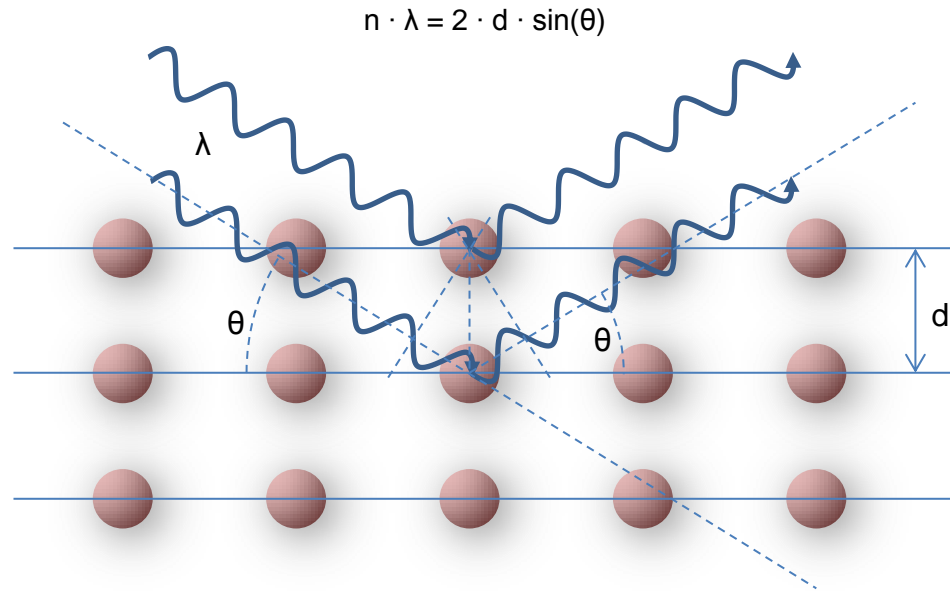
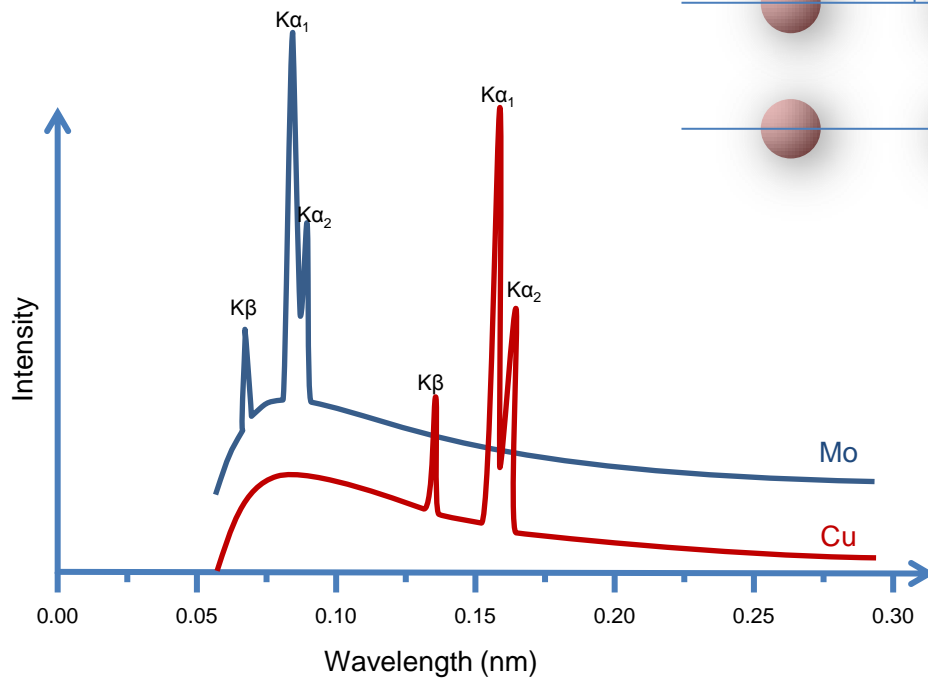
# Lesson 4

## Phase Identification

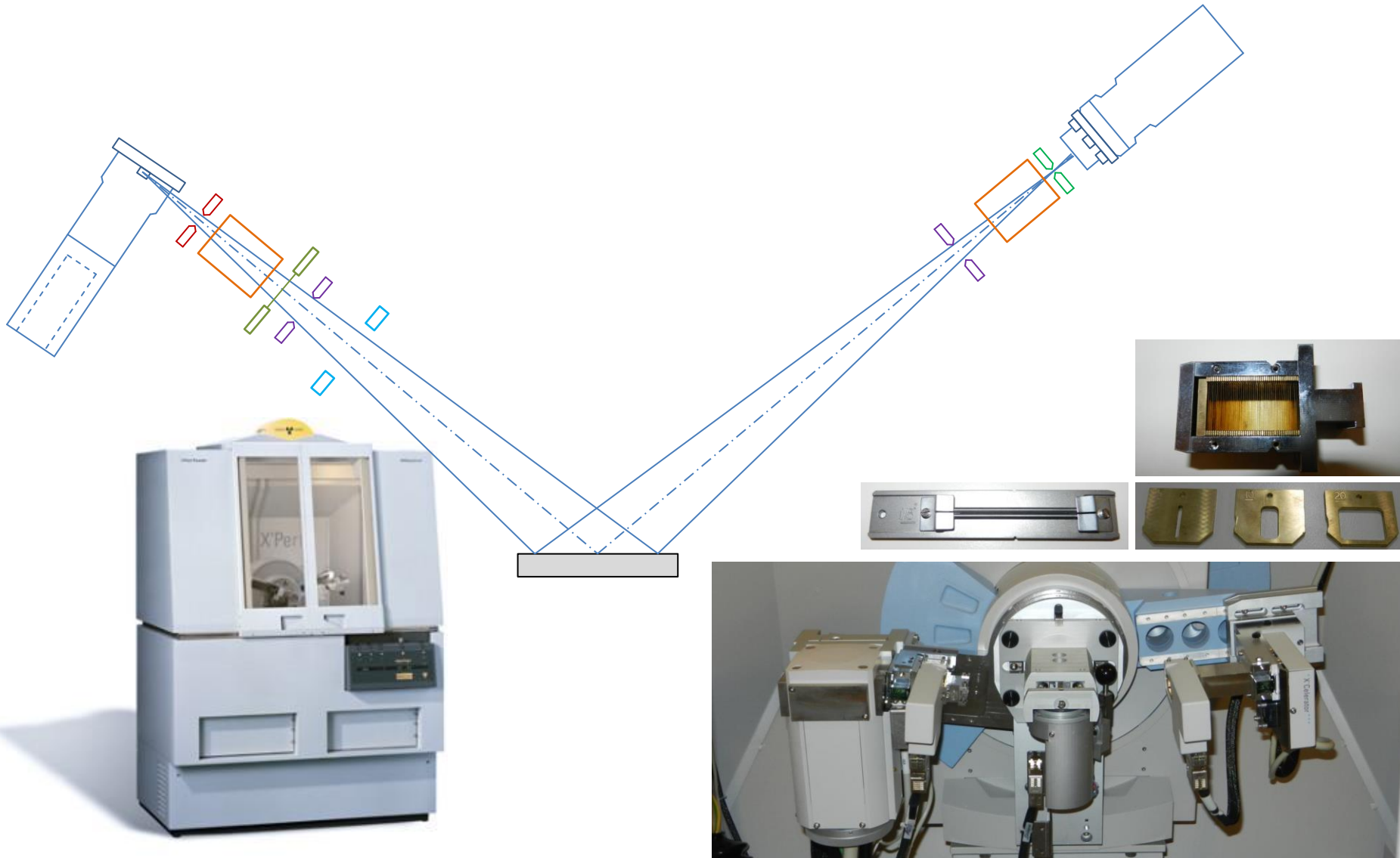


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# Repetition: X-Rays and Diffraction



# Repetition: Bragg-Brentano Diffractometer Setup

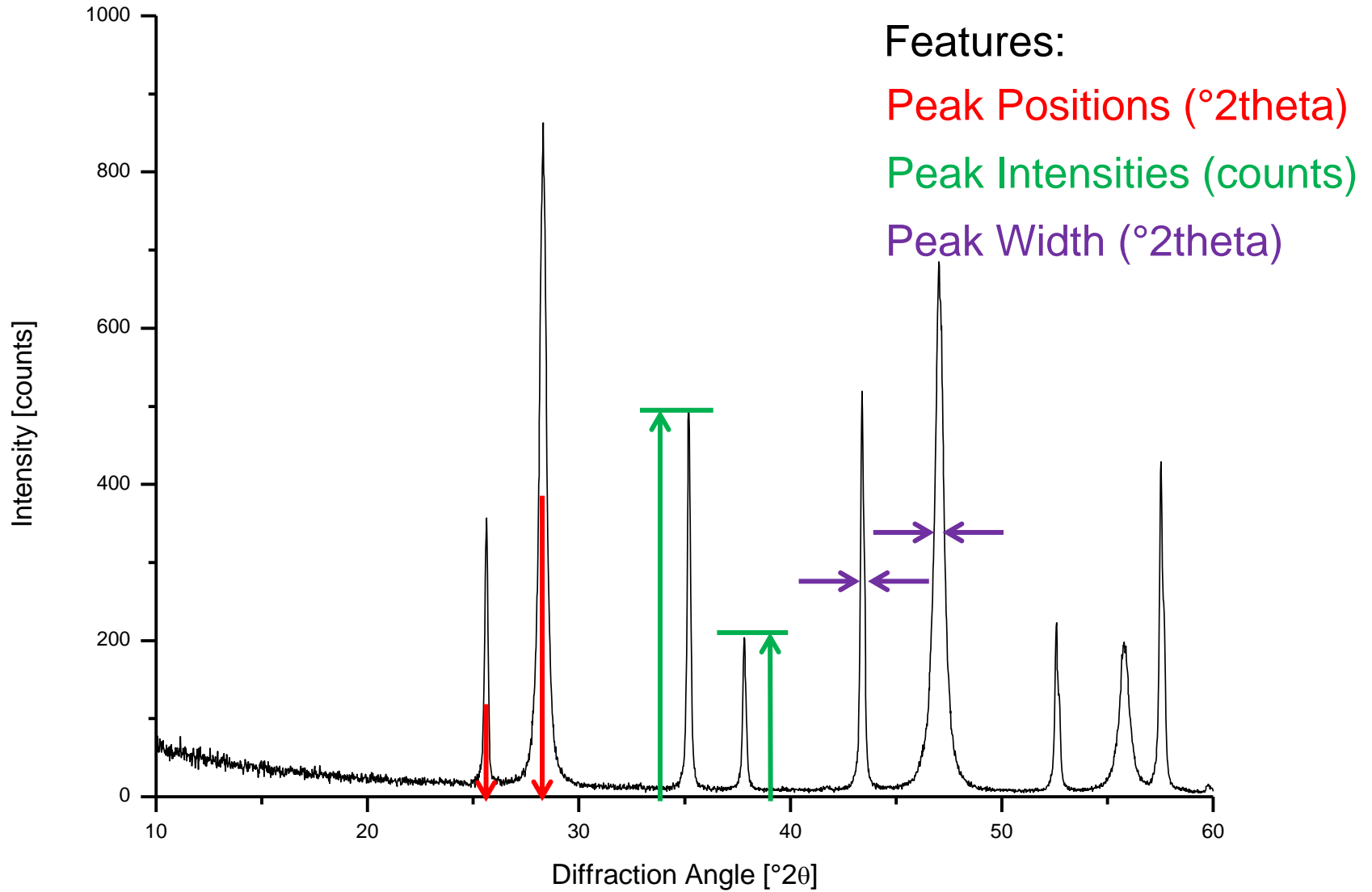


# Repetition: Sample Preparation

- Graininess
- Micro-absorption
- Texture
- Sample height displacement
- Surface roughness
- Sample transparency

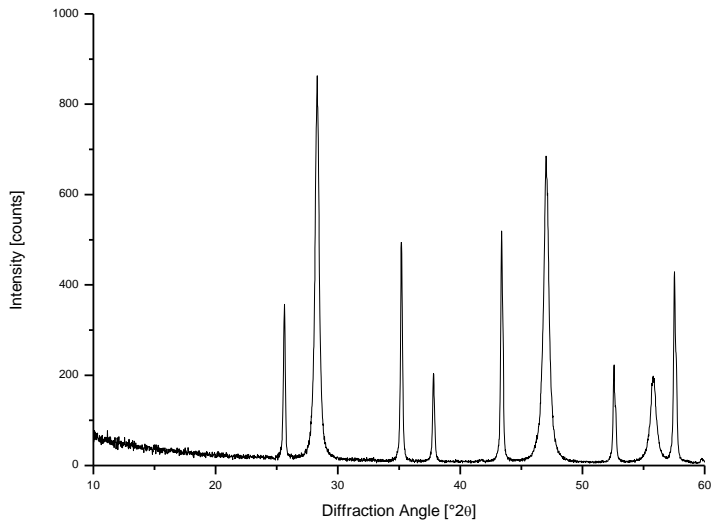
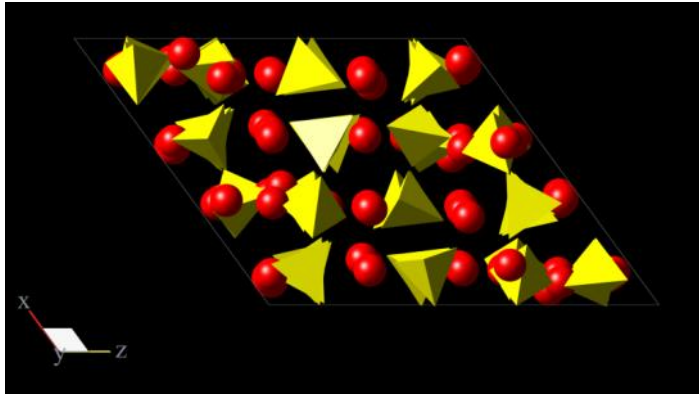


# Diffraction Pattern



# Phase Identification

«Pattern Features» originate from crystallographic properties

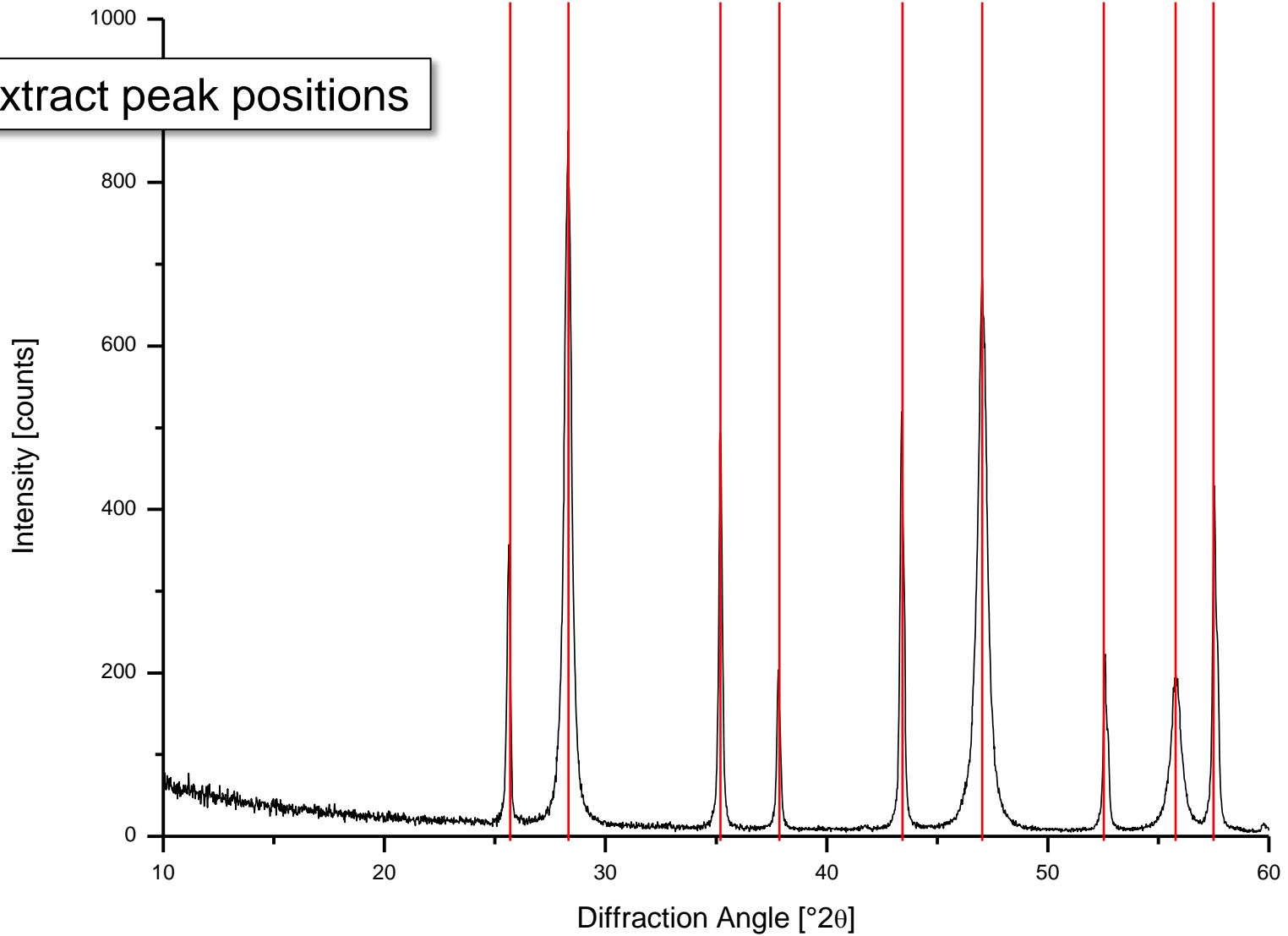


Usually sufficient for identification

Feature	Origin
Peak positions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Symmetry of the unit cell (space group)</li><li>- Dimensions of the unit cell</li></ul>
Relative peak intensities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Coordinates of atoms in unit cell</li><li>- Species of atoms</li></ul>
Absolute peak intensities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Abundance of phase</li></ul>
Peak width	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Crystallite size</li><li>- Stress/Strain in crystal lattice</li></ul>

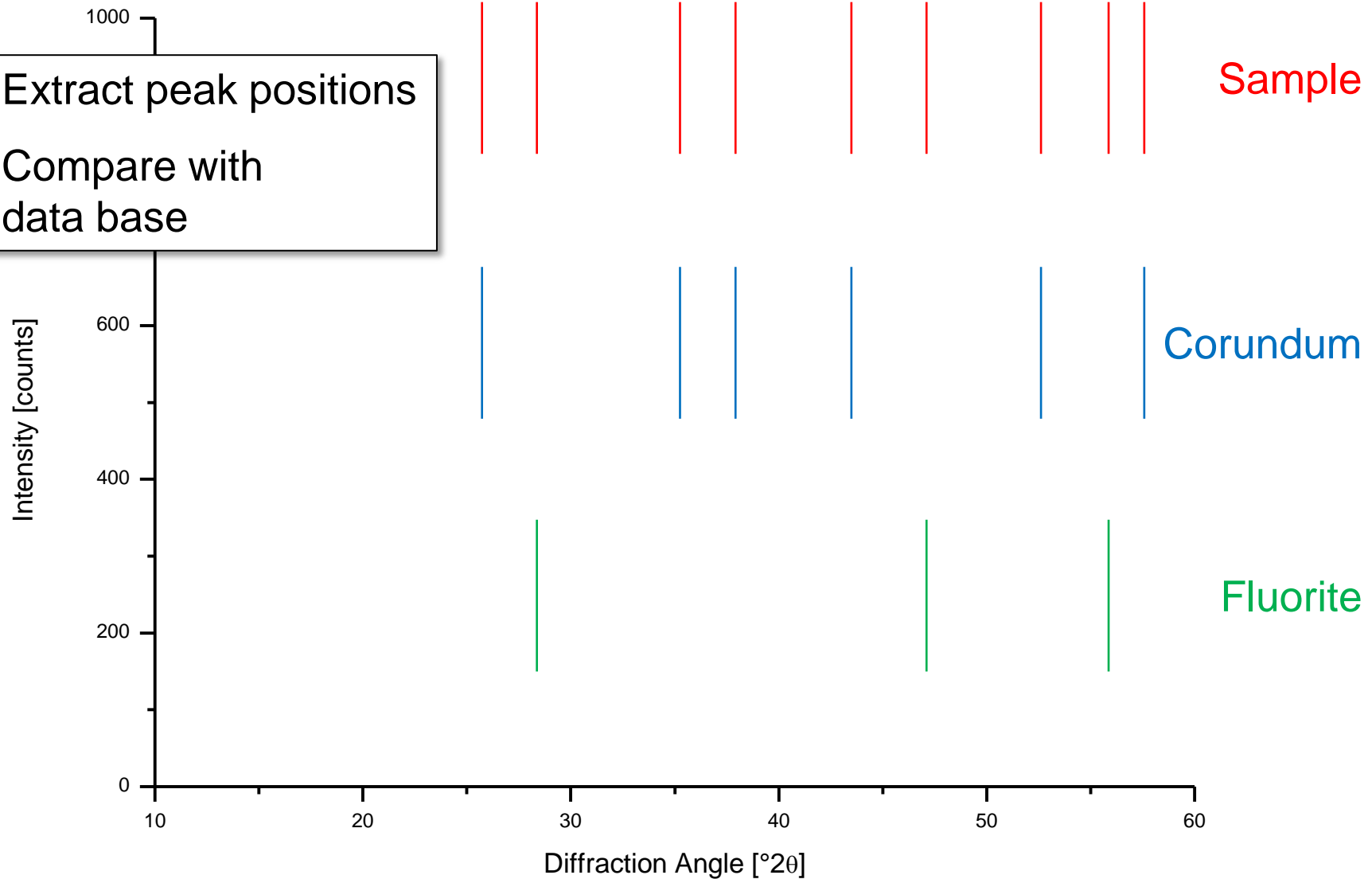
# Phase Identification

1. Extract peak positions

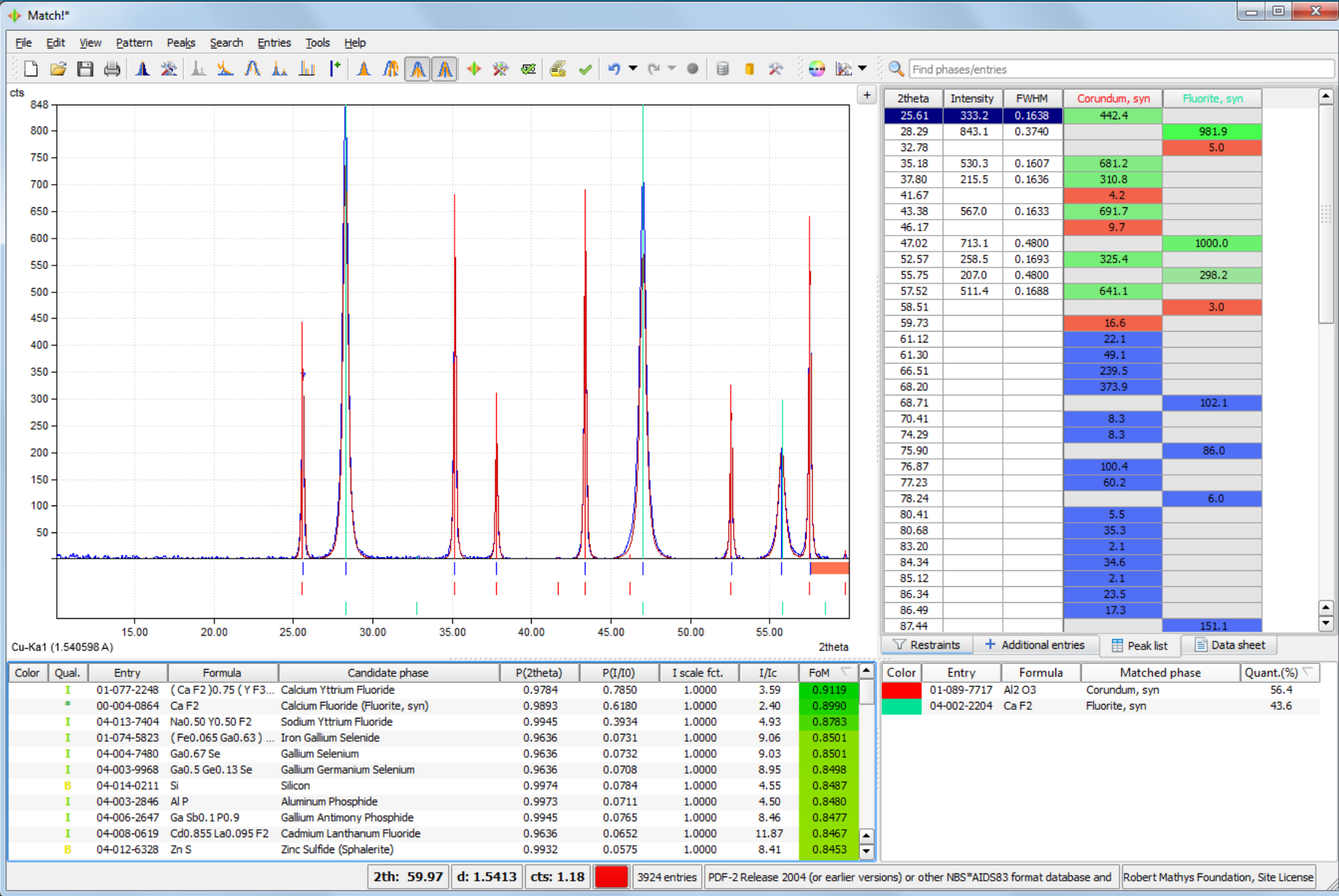


# Phase Identification

1. Extract peak positions
2. Compare with data base







# Databases

## Databases containing powder diffraction data (line positions)

Database	Publisher	# of Entries*	Data sets	
PDF-2	ICDD ( <a href="http://www.icdd.com">http://www.icdd.com</a> )	291'119	All	} Commercial
PDF-4+	ICDD ( <a href="http://www.icdd.com">http://www.icdd.com</a> )	384'613	Inorganics	
PDF-4/Minerals	ICDD ( <a href="http://www.icdd.com">http://www.icdd.com</a> )	44'341	Minerals (Subset of PDF-4+)	
PDF-4/Organics	ICDD ( <a href="http://www.icdd.com">http://www.icdd.com</a> )	516'054	Organics	
Crystallography Open Database	COD <a href="http://www.crystallography.net">http://www.crystallography.net</a>	366'977**	All (excl. biopolymers)	} Open Access

\* September 2016

\*\*2013: 215'708

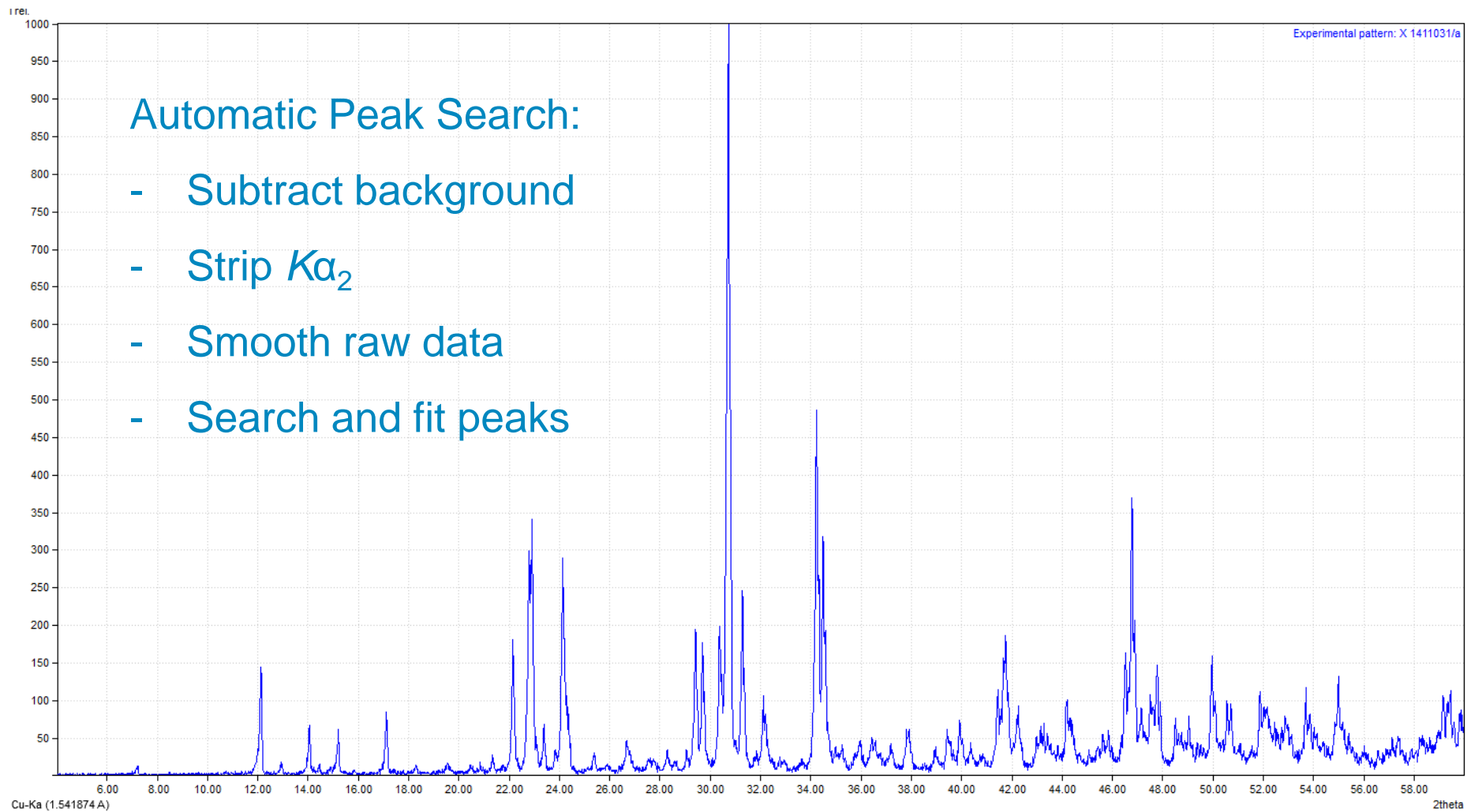
# Programmes for Search / Match

Programme	Publisher	Supported Databases*
HighScore	PANalytical	PDF-2/4 COD
EVA Search/Match	Bruker	PDF-2/4 COD
PDXL2	Rigaku	PDF-2 COD
RayfleX	GE	PDF-2/4
Sleve	ICDD	PDF-2/4
Match!	Crystal Impact	PDF-2/4 COD
CSM	Oxford Cryosystems	PDF-2/4
Jade	MDI	PDF-2/4

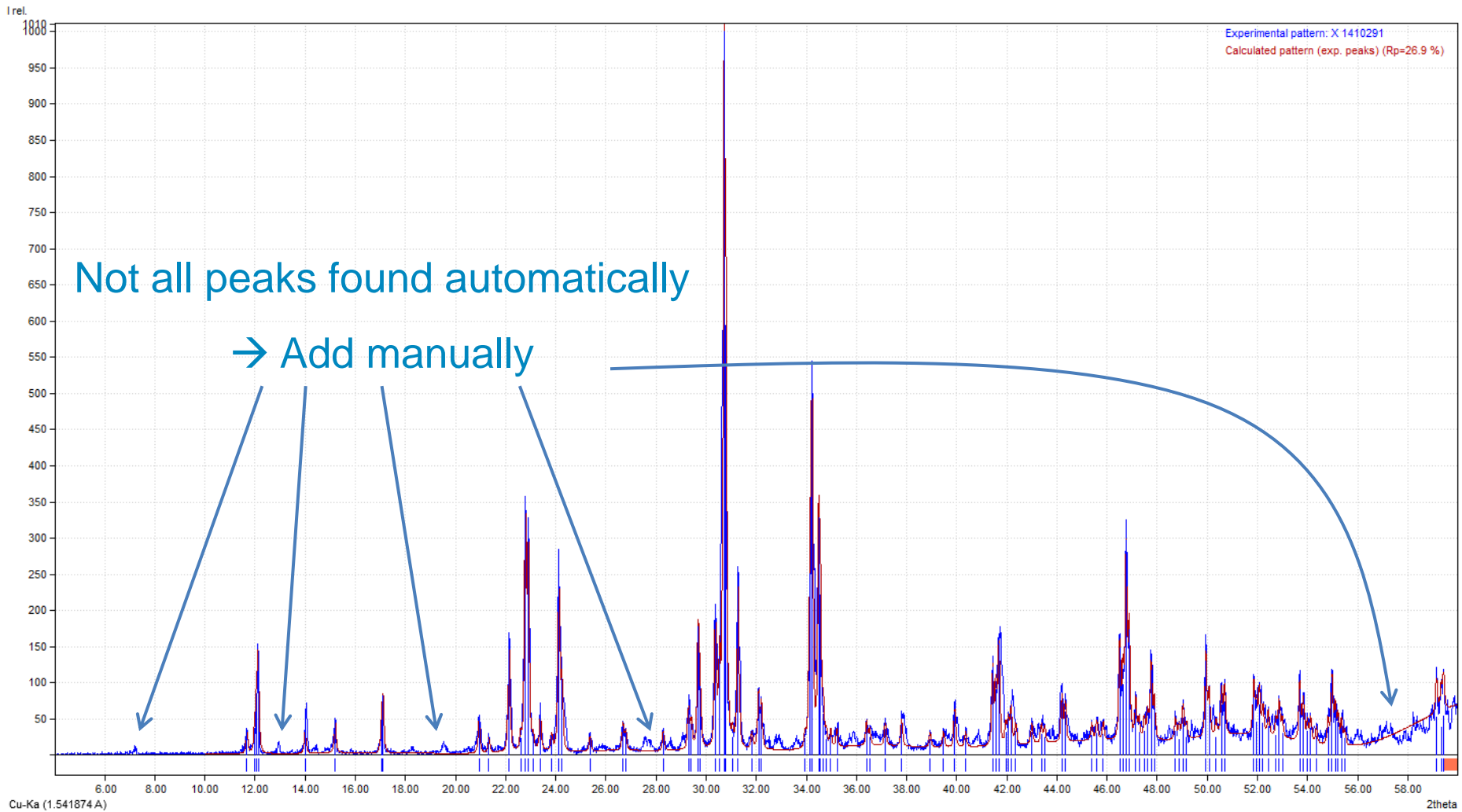
+ many more  
(see <http://www.ccp14.ac.uk/solution/search-match.htm>)

\*incomprehensive

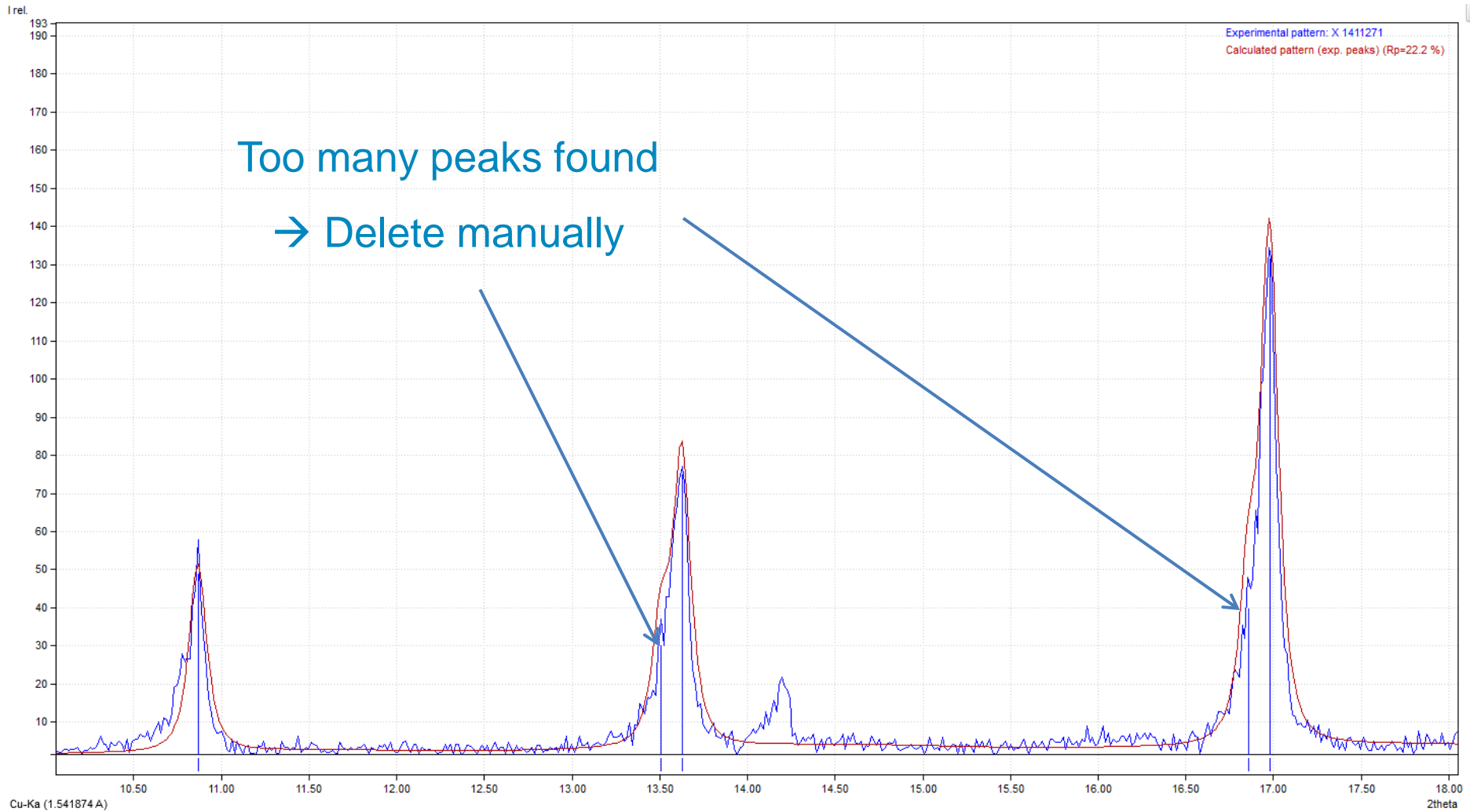
# Search / Match: Peak Search



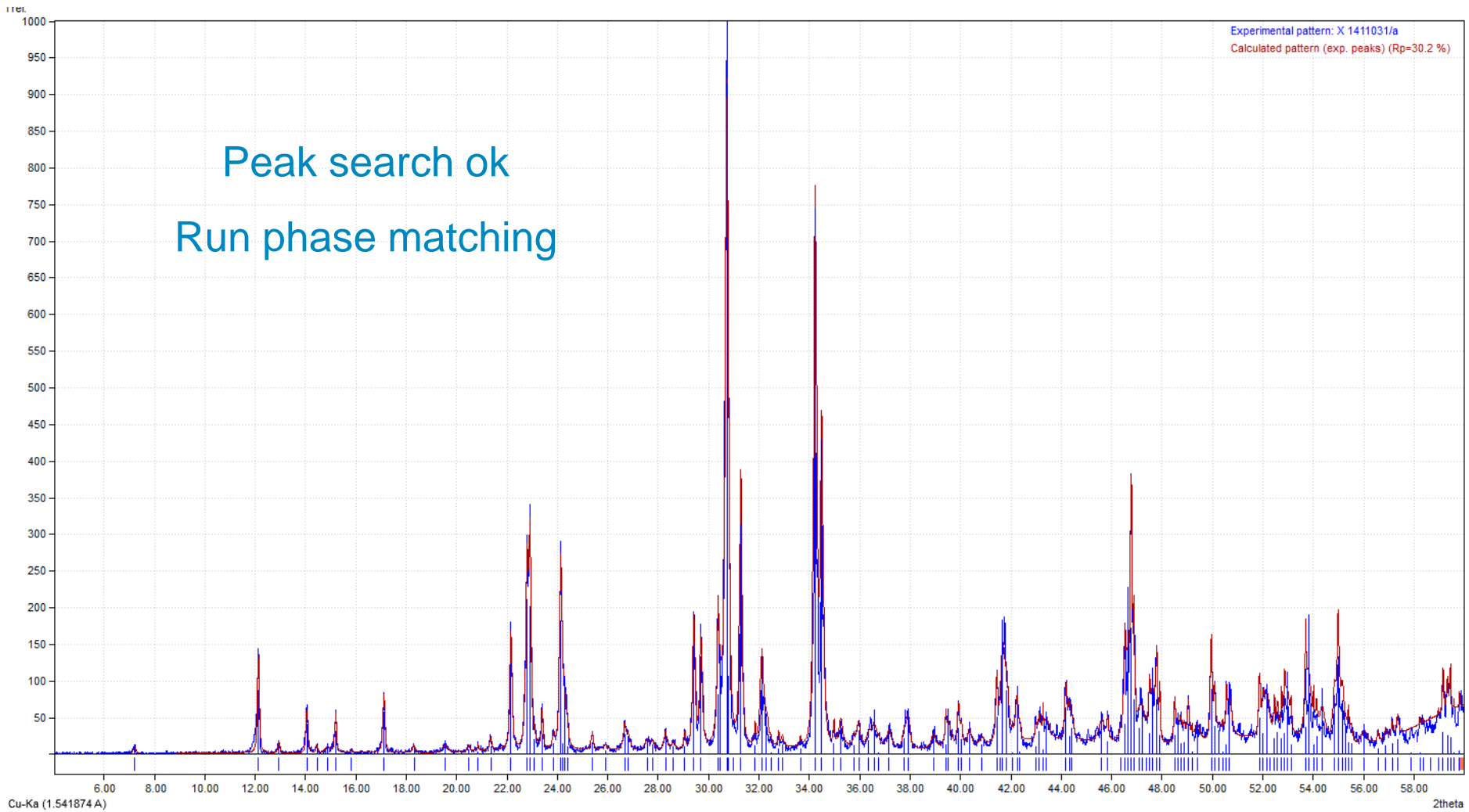
# Search / Match: Peak Search



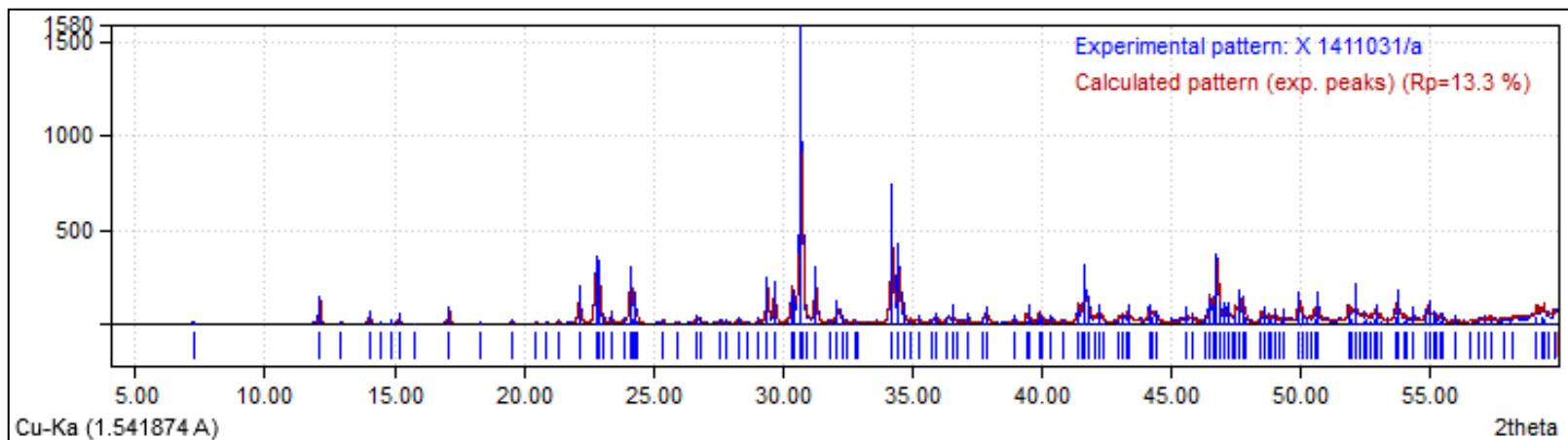
# Search / Match: Peak Search



# Search / Match: Phase Matching



# Search / Match: False Positives



Color	Qual.	Entry	Formula	Candidate phase	P(2theta)	P(I/I0)	I scale fct.	I/Ic	FoM
	C	96-200-2442	Ba In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Barium tetraoxodiindate	0.5909	0.8304	0.6448	6.66	0.8680
	C	96-210-4469	Ga <sub>6</sub> O <sub>19</sub> Sr <sub>10</sub>		0.4640	0.8239	0.7491	3.52	0.8627
	C	96-810-1307	Mo N <sub>4</sub> Sr <sub>3</sub>	Tristrontium tetranitridomol...	0.5751	0.8112	0.3609	3.24	0.8620
	C	96-901-1958	Ca <sub>0.74</sub> F Fe...	Lavenite	0.5289	0.8146	0.5950	2.21	0.8597
	C	96-901-3286	Fe <sub>0.015</sub> Mg...	Pyroxmangite	0.5497	0.4951	0.7240	0.89	0.8581
	C	96-900-5610	Ca <sub>3.27</sub> Ce <sub>0. ....</sub>	Kochite	0.5510	0.6586	0.4102	0.79	0.8576
	C	96-210-5286	Ca <sub>6</sub> O <sub>16</sub> P <sub>4</sub>		0.5889	0.9690	0.1925	0.51	0.8573
	C	96-901-1846	Ca <sub>7</sub> F <sub>4</sub> Mn N...	Rosenbuschite	0.5289	0.7188	0.4101	1.03	0.8570
	C	96-411-6447	C <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> F N <sub>2</sub> ...		0.5094	0.8784	0.3335	2.39	0.8568
	C	96-900-5693	Ca <sub>3.69</sub> F <sub>2</sub> N...	Cuspidine	0.5962	0.8322	0.3277	1.72	0.8558
	C	96-100-5054	B <sub>2</sub> Ca <sub>9</sub> Cl <sub>8</sub>	Nonacalcium octachloride bi...	0.5228	0.8931	0.5774	2.17	0.8542
	C	96-900-8997	B Cl		0.5101	0.8890	0.3917	1.37	0.8537
	C	96-200-2497	Ni O <sub>6</sub> V <sub>2</sub>	Nickel divanadate	0.5655	0.8443	0.3996	1.50	0.8526
	C	96-210-2007	F Nb O <sub>2</sub>		0.9515	0.9781	0.3590	11.66	0.8510
	C	96-410-2357	Fe <sub>0.75</sub> Pb <sub>3</sub> ....	Iron Lead Antimony Selenid...	0.5207	0.8897	0.2499	4.93	0.8510
	C	96-430-6890	Ag <sub>0.77</sub> Ge <sub>4</sub> ...		0.5883	0.7484	0.2773	4.48	0.8495
	C	96-210-4211	Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>9</sub> Zn <sub>6</sub>		0.4985	0.9234	0.5158	3.85	0.8490
	C	96-100-1565	K O <sub>24</sub> P <sub>7</sub> V <sub>4</sub>	Potassium tecto-phosphato...	0.5324	0.7690	0.2748	1.18	0.8487



# Search / Match: Restrictions

## By chemical Composition

The screenshot shows a software interface with a periodic table and a control panel. The periodic table has several elements highlighted in different colors: Hydrogen (H), Helium (He), Lithium (Li), Beryllium (Be), Boron (B), Carbon (C), Nitrogen (N), Oxygen (O), Fluorine (F), Neon (Ne), Sodium (Na), Magnesium (Mg), Aluminum (Al), Silicon (Si), Phosphorus (P), Sulfur (S), Chlorine (Cl), Argon (Ar), Potassium (K), Calcium (Ca), Scandium (Sc), Titanium (Ti), Vanadium (V), Chromium (Cr), Manganese (Mn), Iron (Fe), Cobalt (Co), Nickel (Ni), Copper (Cu), Zinc (Zn), Gallium (Ga), Germanium (Ge), Arsenic (As), Selenium (Se), Bromine (Br), Krypton (Kr), Rubidium (Rb), Strontium (Sr), Yttrium (Y), Zirconium (Zr), Niobium (Nb), Molybdenum (Mo), Technetium (Tc), Ruthenium (Ru), Rhodium (Rh), Palladium (Pd), Silver (Ag), Cadmium (Cd), Indium (In), Tin (Sn), Antimony (Sb), Tellurium (Te), Iodine (I), Xenon (Xe), Cesium (Cs), Barium (Ba), Lanthanum (La), Hafnium (Hf), Tantalum (Ta), Tungsten (W), Rhenium (Re), Osmium (Os), Iridium (Ir), Platinum (Pt), Gold (Au), Mercury (Hg), Thallium (Tl), Lead (Pb), Bismuth (Bi), Polonium (Po), Astatine (At), and Radon (Rn). The lanthanide and actinide series are also shown at the bottom.

Below the periodic table is a control panel titled "Element selection by mouse". It includes the following options:

- All
- None
- Any
- Optional
- Toggle
- 
- Name:
- Elem. count:
- Formula sum:
- Inorganics only (no C-H-bonds)

Use additional information from...

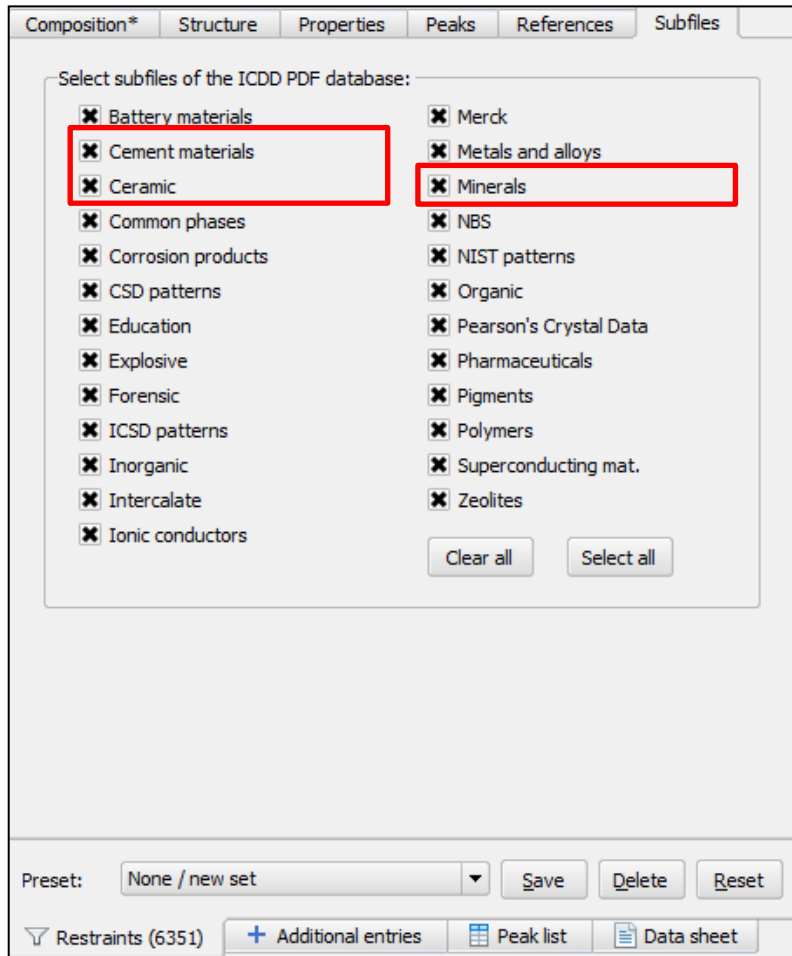
... synthesis

... chemical analysis

... geological situation

# Search / Match: Restrictions

## By Subfile



Only supported by PDF-2 and PDF-4+ database

No subfiles in COD database

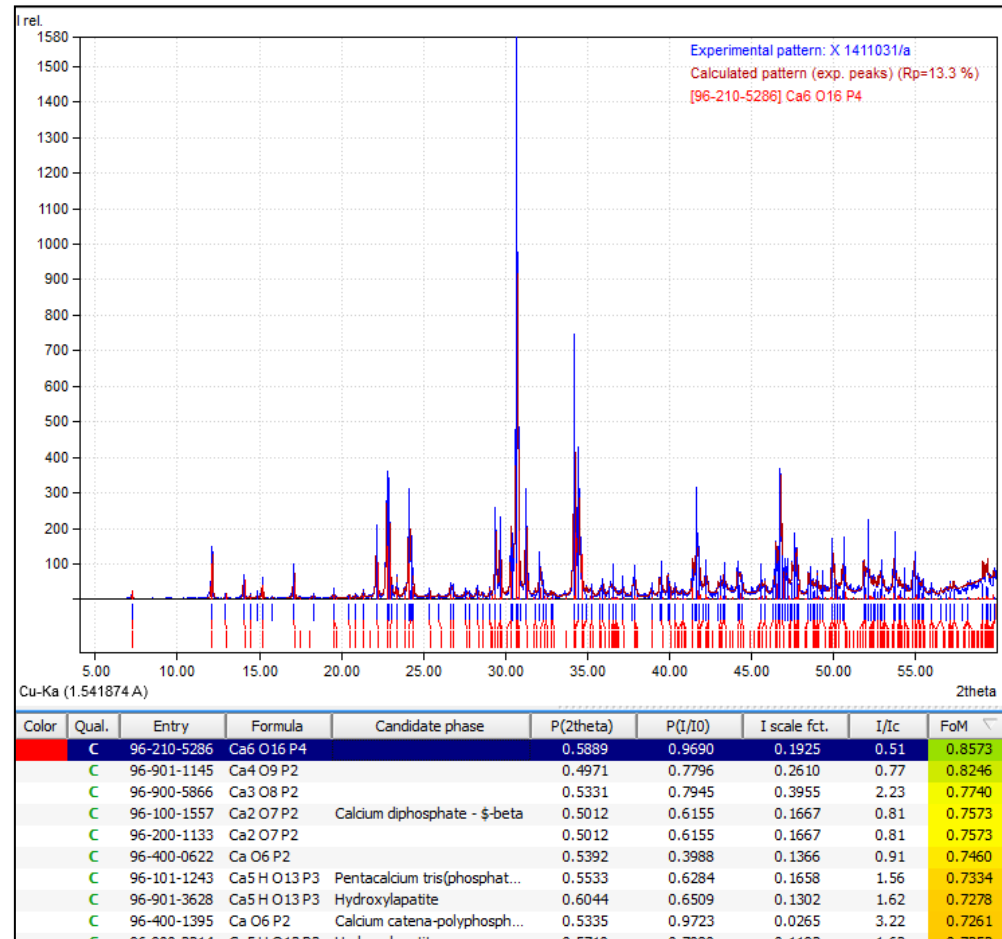
# Search / Match: Restrictions

Known from synthesis: Sample = synthetic calcium phosphate

Chemical restrictions:

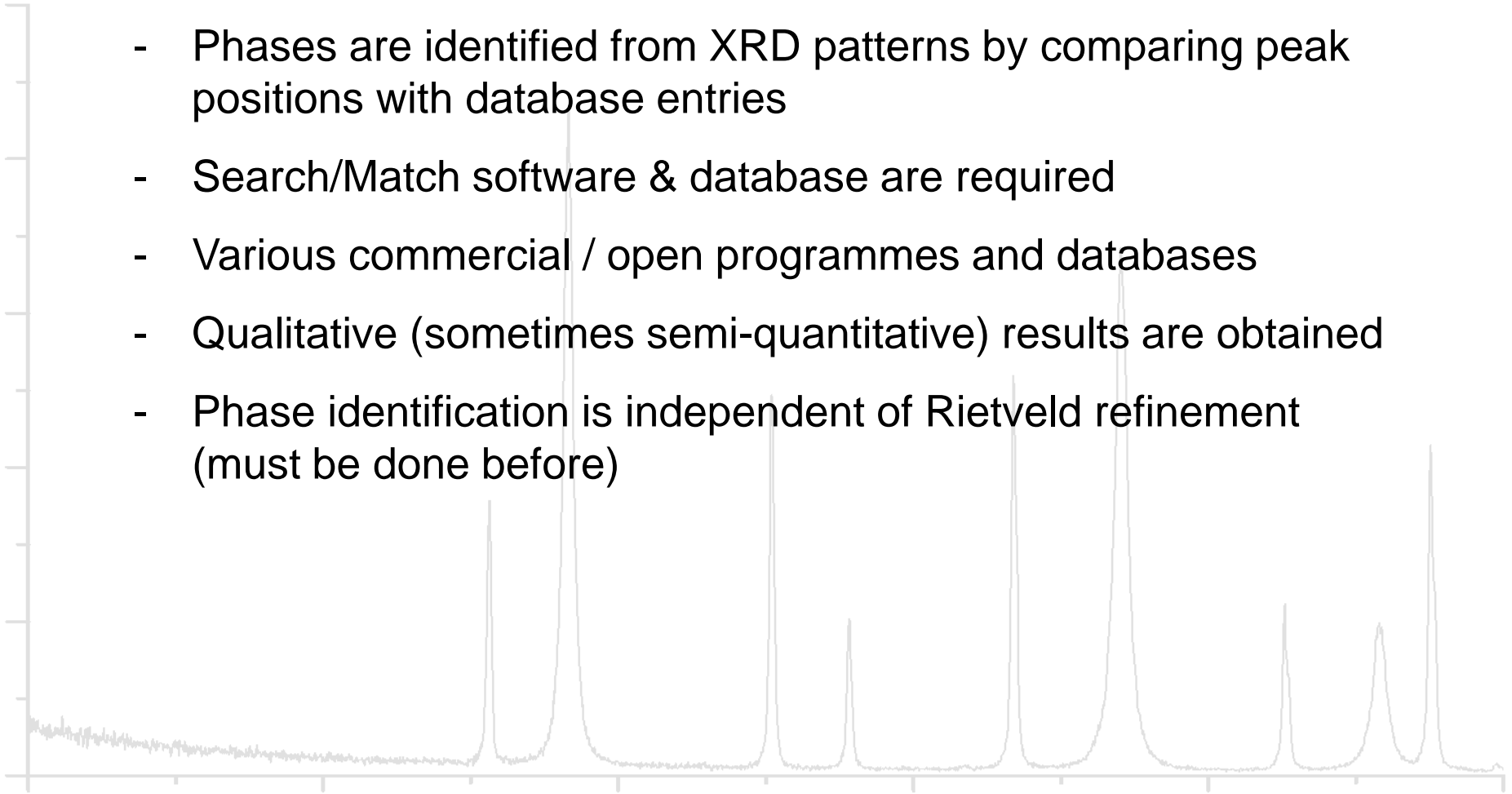
All: Calcium Phosphate

Optionally: hydrate or hydrogen phosphate

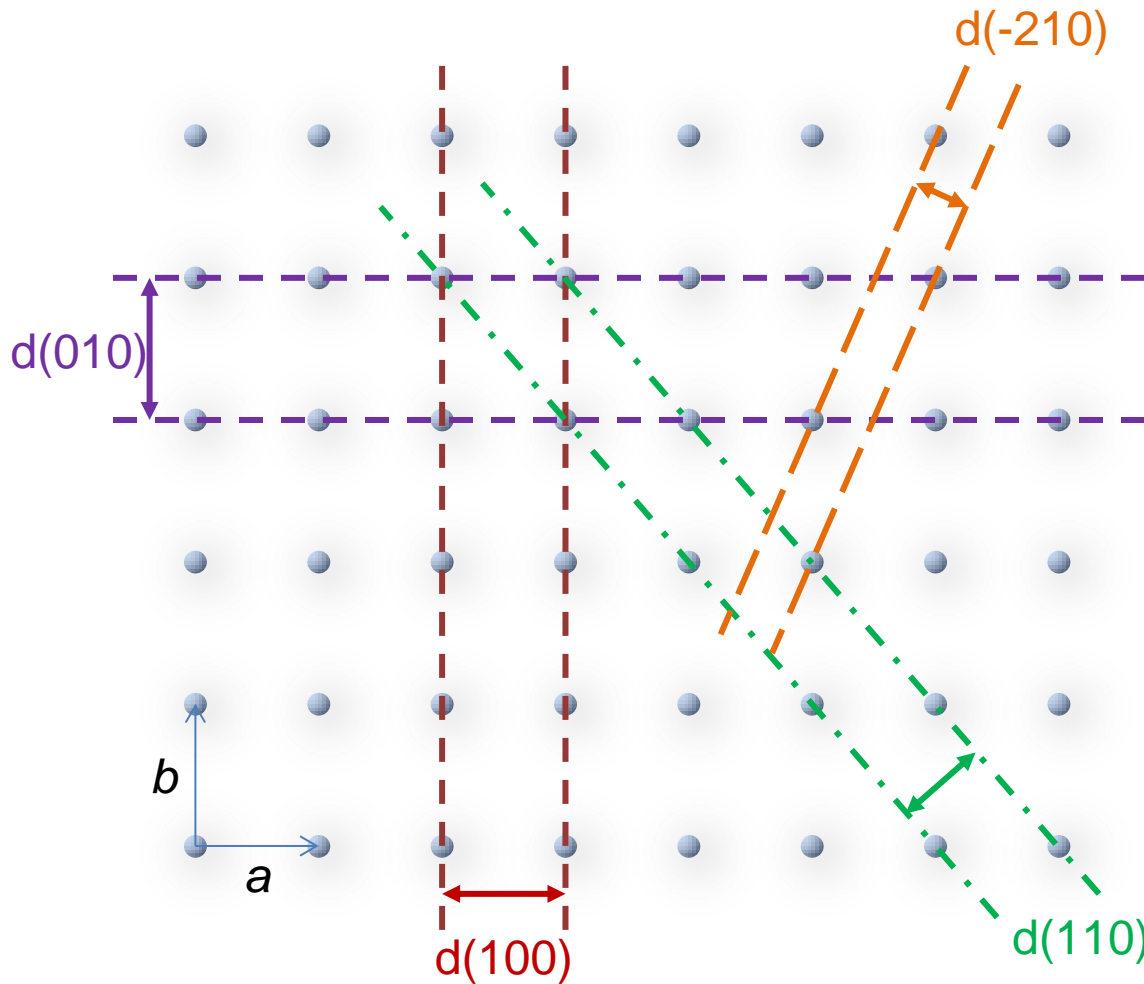


# Summary: Phase Identification I

- Phases are identified from XRD patterns by comparing peak positions with database entries
- Search/Match software & database are required
- Various commercial / open programmes and databases
- Qualitative (sometimes semi-quantitative) results are obtained
- Phase identification is independent of Rietveld refinement (must be done before)



# Question I: Polytypes



Each set of lattice planes has a characteristic spacing  $d$ .

Diffraction angle  $\theta$  depends on  $d$ :

$$\theta = \text{asin}\left(\frac{\lambda}{2d}\right)$$

Moving atoms in the crystal lattice changes lattice plane spacings  $d$ .

Changes in  $d$  also changes diffraction angle  $\theta$ .

# Question I: Polytypes

Is powder XRD the ideal tool to distinguish and identify the following phases?

Phase	Composition	Space Group
Calcite	$\text{CaCO}_3$	R-3c
Magnesite	$\text{MgCO}_3$	R-3c
Siderite	$\text{FeCO}_3$	R-3c

## Question II: Polymorphs

Is powder XRD the ideal tool to distinguish and identify the following phases?

Phase	Composition	Space Group
Calcite	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	R-3c
Vaterite	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	P63/mmc
Aragonite	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Pnam

# Summary: Phase identification II

- XRD is mostly sensitive to structural differences
- Only little information on chemical differences
- Chemical analyses (XRF, ICP, EDX,...) provide complementary information
- Sometimes additional chemical information can be very helpful for phase identification (→ restrictions)
- For a comprehensive material characterization, combine XRD with chemical analysis

